

Basic HTML tags for creating a web page.

Page content goes between the body tags.

```
<!doctype html>
```

```
<html>
```

```
<head>
```

```
<meta charset="UTF-8">
```

```
<title>Example HTML no content</title>
```

```
</head>
```

```
<body>
```

```
</body>
```

```
</html>
```

Basic HTML with page content

```
<!doctype html>
<html>
<head>
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<title>Example HTML with content</title>
</head>
```

```
<body>
<h1>HTML is Easy To Learn</h1>
```

```
<p>
Welcome to the world of HTML. This line of text is in a paragraph.
```

```
</p>
<p>
This is another paragraph. A paragraph creates a space of one line between
pieces of text. To create a new line immediately below the previous one you
need to use a 'line break'
```

```
</p>
<p>
Most HTML elements have an opening and closing tag such as this
paragraph. An exception is the 'line break' which only needs to have one
instance.
```

```
</p>
<p>
Try making alterations to the text in the source code, save the changes and
then view the changes in the browser.
```

```
</p>
<p>
<a href="http://www.w3schools.com/">Learn more about the
internet here</a>
```

```
</p>
<p>

```

```
</p>
</body>
</html>
```

Adding CSS (Cascading Style Sheet)

A style sheet (CSS) can be entered into the <head> of the html. This is called an internal style sheet.

The internal style sheet tag looks like this:

```
<style type="text/css"> </style>
```

A style is written like this:

```
body {  
    background-color: #F8F75B;  
    color: #900002;  
}
```

Altogether, in the <head> it looks like this:

```
<head>  
<meta charset="UTF-8">  
<title>My Web Page</title>
```

```
<style type="text/css">
```

```
body {  
background-color: #F8F75B;  
color: #900002;  
}
```

```
</style>
```

```
</head>
```